Food and	Agriculture	Microdata	Cataloguo
roou and	Adriculture	MICIOUALA	Catalogue

United Republic of Tanzania, Zanzibar -Kagera Health and Development Survey 2004

Economic Development Initiatives

Report generated on: April 3, 2023

Visit our data catalog at: https://microdata.fao.org/index.php

Identification

SURVEY ID NUMBER

TZA_2004_KHDS_v01_EN_M_v01_A_OCS

TITI F

Kagera Health and Development Survey 2004

COUNTRY

Name	Country code
United Republic of Tanzania, Zanzibar	TZA

STUDY TYPE

Living Standards Measurement Study [hh/lsms]

SERIES INFORMATION

The Kagera Health and Development Survey 2004 (KHDS 2004) took place in 2004 as the fifth survey wave. Earlier waves of the survey include the four waves from 1991 till 1994.

ABSTRACT

The Kagera Health and Development Survey was conducted to estimate the economic impact of the death of prime-age adults on surviving household members. This impact was primarily measured as the difference in well-being between households with and without the death of a prime-age adult (15-50), over time. An additional hypothesis was that households in communities with high mortality rates might be less successful in coping with a prime-age adult death. Thus, the research design called for collecting extensive socioeconomic information from households with and without adult deaths in communities with high and low adult mortality rates. Data collected by the KHDS can be used to estimate the "direct costs" of illness and mortality in terms of out-of-pocket expenditures, the "indirect costs" in terms of foregone earnings of the patient, and the "coping costs" in terms of changes in the well-being of other household members and in the allocation on of time and resources within the household as these events unfold. The KHDS was an economic survey. It did not attempt to measure knowledge, attitudes, behaviours or practices related to HIV infection or AIDS in households or communities. It also did not collect blood samples or attempt to measure HIV seroprevalence; this would have substantially affected the costs and complexity of the research and possibly the willingness of households to participate. Information on the cause of death in the KHDS household survey is based on the reports of surviving household members; the researchers maintained that household coping will respond to the perceived cause of death, irrespective of whether the deceased actually died of AIDS. Lastly, the KHDS did not attempt to measure the psycho-social impact of HIV infection or AIDS deaths.

KIND OF DATA

Sample survey data [ssd]

UNIT OF ANALYSIS

Households

Scope

NOTES

(a) HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE

Section 0 Basic Survey information

Section 1 Household Roster

Section 2 Previous Children Residing Elsewhere

Section 3 Main Activities of the Household

Section 4 Information on Parents

Section 5 Education

Section 6 Health

Section 7 Activities and Non-Labour Income

Section 8 Individual Expenditures

Section 9 Migration

Section 10 Shocks Experienced in the Past 10 Years

Section 11 Farming

Section 11 Agriculture

Section 12 Livestock

Section 13 Non-Farm Self-Employment

Section 14 Housing

Section 15 Durable Goods, Expenditures, Inheritance, and Bride Price

Section 16 Food Consumption and Expenditures

Section 17 Informal Organizations, Ability to Cope, Assistance from Organizations

Section 18 Gifts and Loans Received/Sent

Separate Form Anthropometry

Separate Form Mortality of Previous Household Members

(b) COMMUNITY QUESTIONNAIRE

GPS coordinates

Section 0 Selecting respondents

Section 1 Demographic information

Section 2 Economy and Infrastructure

Section 3 Education

Section 4 Health

Section 5 Agriculture

Section 6 Culture

Section 7 Shocks in the past 10 years

(c) PRICE QUESTIONNAIRE

GPS coordinates

Part I Food Prices

Part II Pharmaceutical Prices

Part III Non-Food Prices

(d) SCHOOL QUESTIONNAIRE

Part A School characteristics, enrolment and fees

Part B Textbooks, Standard 7 completion, number of teachers employed and assistance or contributions

TOPICS

Topic	Vocabulary
Health	FAO
Agriculture & Rural Development	FAO
Food (production, crisis)	FAO
Migration & Remittances	FAO
Livestock	FAO
Population & Reproductive Health	FAO
Nutrition	FAO
Prices statistics	FAO
Financial Sector	FAO
Access to Finance	FAO

Coverage

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

Regional

UNIVERSE

The KHDS attempts to re-interview all respondents interviewed in the original KHDS 1991-1994, irrespective of whether the respondent had moved out of the original village, region or country or was residing in a new household.

Producers and sponsors

PRIMARY INVESTIGATORS

Name	
Economi	c Development Initiatives

FUNDING AGENCY/SPONSOR

Name	Abbreviation
Danish Agency for Development Assistance	DANIDA
Knowledge for Change Trust Fund at the World Bank	

Sampling

SAMPLING PROCEDURE

Sample size of this study was 900 households following the KHDS 91-94 Household Sampling procedure:

(a) SAMPLE DESIGN AND SELECTION

Qualitative studies of small samples of households can point to hypotheses about the ways in which fatal adult illness affects households. However, policymakers need to know which households are suffering the most, the size of the impact, the extent to which they suffer more than other households in a poor country, and the potential costs and effects of assistance programs. For this purpose, the sample of households must be representative of the population, a random sample for which the probability of selecting each household from the whole population is known. The KHDS used a random sample that was stratified geographically and according to several measures of adult mortality risk. This strategy allowed the team to ensure an adequate number of households with an adult death in the sample while retaining the ability to extrapolate the results to the entire population. The results from the household survey show that stratification of the sample on mortality risk at both the community and household level proved to be worthwhile. Among the 816 households in the original sample that began the survey in the first passage, 91 had an adult death in the course of the survey-more than three times the expected number (25) had the households been drawn at random with no stratification. The 816 households that began the survey in the first passage were observed, on average, for 1.6 years, generating a total of 1,322.7 years of observation. The average probability of an adult death per household per year, according to the 1988 Tanzania Census, is 0.0188. Thus, the expected number of deaths from a random sample of 816 households observed for 1.6 years is 25. Because households were added to the sample to compensate for attrition, a total of 918 households were eventually interviewed at least once. Between the first and last interview, 102 of these households had an adult death, compared to 27 households that would have been expected to have a death from a non-stratified sample.

(b) SAMPLING PROCEDURE

The KHDS household sample was drawn in two stages, with stratification based on geography in the first stage and mortality risk in both stages. It used a two-stage stratified random sampling procedure.

RESPONSE RATE 96 percent

Data Collection

DATES OF DATA COLLECTION

Start	End
2004-01	2004-08

Access policy

CONTACTS

Name	Affiliation	Email	URL
LSMS Data Manager	The World Bank	lsms@worldbank.org	surveys.worldbank.org/lsms

CONFIDENTIALITY

Public Use Files (PUFs) are available to anyone agreeing to respect a core set of easy-to-meet conditions. These data are made easily accessible because the risk of identifying individual respondents or data providers is considered to be low. Before gaining access to these data, users are asked to register and to read and agree on the following conditions. - Data and other material provided by the Microdata Library will be used solely by the user, and shall not be redistributed or sold to other individuals, institutions or organizations without the Microdata Library's prior written agreement, and only subject to such conditions as may accompany such consent. - The data will be used for statistical and scientific research purposes only. They will be used solely for generating, and perhaps reporting, aggregated information and not for investigations into specific individuals or organizations. In other words, the data shall be treated as a finished product - it may be used as a foundation for further work, but no reverse engineering or "upstream research" into the sources of the data itself will be permitted. - No attempt will be made to identify respondents or microdata providers, and no use will be made of the identity of any person, facility or establishment discovered inadvertently. Any such discovery would immediately be reported to the Microdata Library, to allow us to evaluate further use, apply further statistical disclosure control methods, impose further restrictions on access, or appropriately re-classify the data. - No attempt will be made to create links between datasets provided by the Microdata Library, or between Microdata Library data and other datasets that could identify individuals or organizations. - Any books, articles, conference papers, theses, dissertations, reports or other publications employing data obtained from the Microdata Library will cite the source, in line with the citation requirement provided with the dataset. - The original collector of the data, the Microdata Library, and the relevant funding agencies bear no responsibility for any use of the data or for interpretations or inferences based upon such uses.

ACCESS CONDITIONS

In receiving these data it is recognized that the data are supplied for use within my organization, and I agree to the following stipulations as conditions for the use of the data:

- 1. The data are supplied solely for the use described in this form and will not be made available to other organizations or individuals. Other organizations or individuals may request the data directly.
- 2. Three copies of all publications, conference papers, or other research reports based entirely or in part upon the requested data will be supplied to:

The World Bank
Development Economics Research Group
LSMS Database Administrator
MSN MC3-306
1818 H Street, NW
Washington, DC 20433, USA

tel: (202) 473-9041 fax: (202) 522-1153 e-mail: lsms@worldbank.org

- 3. The researcher will refer to the 2004 Kagera, Tanzania Health and Development Survey as the source of the information in all publications, conference papers, and manuscripts. At the same time, the World Bank is not responsable for the estimations reported by the analyst(s).
- 4. Users who download the data may not pass the data to third parties.
- 5. The database cannot be used for commercial ends, nor can it be sold.

CITATION REQUIREMENTS

Use of the dataset must be acknowledged by including a citation which would include:

- Identification of the Primary Investigator
- Title of the survey (including the country name and year of implementation)
- Survey reference number
- Source and date of download

Example:

Kagera Health and Development Survey 2004. Ref. TZA 2004 KHDS v01 M. The World Bank.

Disclaimer and copyrights

DISCLAIMER

The user of the data acknowledges that the original collector of the data, the authorized distributor of the data, and the relevant funding agency bear no responsibility for use of the data or for interpretations or inferences based upon such uses

Metadata production

DDI DOCUMENT ID

DDI_TZA_2004_KHDS_v01_EN_M_v01_A_OCS_FAO

PRODUCERS

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation	Role
Office of Chief Statistician	ocs	Food and Agriculture Organization	Adoption of metadata for FAM
Development Economics Data Group	DECDG	The World Bank	Documentation of the DDI

DDI DOCUMENT VERSION

TZA_2004_KHDS_v01_EN_M_v01_A_OCS_v01

Data Description

Interpreparation 1192 24 community data 49 800 Interpretation 2774 158 Interpretation 2774 158 Interpretation 2774 158 Interpretation 2774 158 Interpretation 278 51 Interpretation 278 51 Interpretation 278 51 Interpretation 278 36 Interpretation 270 9 Interpretation 270 174 Interpretation 271 174 Interpretation 272 174 Interpretation 272 174 Interpretation 272 174 Interpretation 272 174	Data file	Cases	Variables
	anthro Anthropometrics	11192	24
1988 1988	community Community data	49	800
Instructality1 841 14 Cover page 988 36 Instructality2 988 36 Instruction data: Food Items 2700 9 Instruction data: Pharmaceuticals 900 9 Instruction data: Cover page 90 9 Instruction data: Cover page 90 13 Instruction data: Cover page 174 174 Instruction data: Cover page 13 12 Instruction data: Cover page 13 <t< td=""><td>hh Household-level information compiled across multiple sections</td><td>2774</td><td>158</td></t<>	hh Household-level information compiled across multiple sections	2774	158
1	indtrackingform	1398	51
Mortality data for deceased panel respondents 300 300 print fdp price data: Food Items 2700 9 print code 301 301 301 price data: Pharmaceuticals 900 9 price data: Non-food Items 1170 9 price data: Non-food Items 90 9 price data: Charcoal 90 13 price data: Cover page 90 13 price data: Cover page 72 174 price data: Cover page 12 174	mortality1 Cover page	841	14
price data: Food Items 2700 9 prize_ph1 900 9 prize_d data: Non-food Items 1170 9 prize_d data: Non-food Items 90 9 prize_d data: Non-food Items 90 9 prize_d data: Cover page 90 13 prize_d data: Cover page 90 13 primary school 72 174 primary school 55480 12 primary school 13126 27 primary school 13126 27 primary school 13006 16 primary school 13006 16 price_C 13006 16 price_C 1200 12 primary school 1238 27 price_C 1200 12 price_C <t< td=""><td>mortality2 Mortality data for deceased panel respondents</td><td>988</td><td>36</td></t<>	mortality2 Mortality data for deceased panel respondents	988	36
price data: Pharmaceuticals 900 91 price data: Non-food items 1170 9 price data: Charcoal 90 9 price data: Charcoal 90 13 price data: Cover page 72 174 price cool survey information 55480 12 sec0 survey information 13126 27 sec1 coster 13096 16 sec2 information on parents 11238 27 sec5 inducation 12808 49 sec6 feath 12808 49 sec6 feath 12872 23 sec8 feec8 feath 12772 23 sec9 digration 8546 13 sec9 digration 8546 13	pr1fdp Price data: Food Items	2700	9
170 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	pr2_ph1 Price data: Pharmaceuticals	900	9
Price data: Charcoal Procycrcls Price data: Cover page Primary Primary school Pri	pr3nf1 Price data: Non-food items	1170	9
Price data: Cover page Primary Primary School Primary School	pr3nf2 Price data: Charcoal	90	9
### Primary school 72 74 ### Primary school 55480 12 ### Primary school 55480 12 ### Primary school 13126 27 ### Primary school 13096 16 ### Prima	prcvrcls Price data: Cover page	90	13
Survey information	primary Primary school	72	174
Roster 13126 27 Rec2 Children residing elsewhere 13096 16 Rec4 Information on parents 11238 27 Rec5 Education 12808 49 Rec6 Realth 9822 62 Rec7 Rectivities and Non-Labor Income 9803 135 Rec8 Individual expenditures 12772 23 Rec10 8546 13	sec00 Survey information	55480	12
thildren residing elsewhere tiec4 Information on parents tiec5 Education 12808 49	sec1 Roster	13126	27
reformation on parents rec5 Education rec6 Health rec7 Activities and Non-Labor Income rec8 Individual expenditures rec9 Migration rec10 12808 49 49 49 40 40 41 42 42 43 43 44 49 40 41 42 43 44 49 40 41 42 43 44 49 40 41 42 43 44 44 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	sec2 Children residing elsewhere	13096	16
sec6 Health Sec7 Activities and Non-Labor Income Sec8 Individual expenditures Sec9 Migration 12808 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49	sec4 Information on parents	11238	27
Health Sec 7 Activities and Non-Labor Income Sec 8 Individual expenditures Sec 9 Migration 8546 13 2318 2318	sec5 Education	12808	49
Activities and Non-Labor Income Sec 8 Individual expenditures Sec 9 Migration 8546 13	sec6 Health	9822	62
ndividual expenditures sec 9 Migration sec 10	sec7 Activities and Non-Labor Income	9803	135
Migration 8540 13 sec10	sec8 Individual expenditures	12772	23
	sec9 Migration	8546	13
MOCKS	sec10 Shocks	3218	93

sec11a Land	6330	12
sec11b Crops	97567	13
sec11c Farm inputs	11662	5
sec11d Sales of products from home grown crops	8347	10
sec11e Hand tools	27432	5
sec11f Farm equipment	13632	8
sec12a Animals	18132	12
sec12b Sales of animal products	1974	5
sec12c Livestock expenditures	8848	5
sec13 Non-farm self employment	1651	39
sec14a Types and ownership of dwelling	2996	12
sec15a Durable goods	40545	5
sec15b Household annual expenditures	48600	5
sec15c Household two-week expenditures	16194	5
sec15d1 Inheritance	3077	10
sec15d2 Bride price	388	9
sec16b Food consumption of home production	60588	23
sec16c1 Food expenditures, seasonal foods	107640	22
sec16c2 Food expenditures, non-seasonal foods	48438	19
sec17a Informal organizations	2327	37
sec17c Receipt of assistance from outside	374	7
sec18a Interactions with network members	19329	33
sec18b Gifts and loans received from others	3720	13

sec18c Gifts and loans given to others	3397	13
tracking Tracking status of individuals not re-interviewed (not traced) in 2004 and reported to be alive	2254	18